## Annual Audit Report

Loch Lomond and the Trossachs National Park Authority – Year ended 31 March 2023 September 2023





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Our reports are prepared in accordance with Terms of Appointment Letter from Audit Scotland dated 18 May 2022 through which the Auditor General for Scotland has appointed us as external auditor of Loch Lomond and the Trossachs National Park Authority (LLTNPA) for financial years 2022/23 to 2026/27. We undertake our audit in accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000, as amended; and our responsibilities as set out within Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice 2021.

Reports and letters prepared by appointed auditors and addressed to LLTNPA are prepared for the sole use of LLTNPA and made available to Audit Scotland and the Auditor General for Scotland. We take no responsibility to any member or officer in their individual capacity or to any other third party.

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5 September 2023

Dear Committee Members and the Auditor General for Scotland,

#### Annual Audit Report – Year ended 31 March 2023

We are pleased to present our Annual Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2023. The purpose of this document is to summarise our audit conclusions and findings from our considerations of the wider scope audit specified in the Code of Audit Practice 2021.

The scope of our work, including identified significant audit risks and other areas of management judgement, was outlined in our Annual Audit Plan which we presented on 6 June 2023 to the Audit and Risk Committee. We have reviewed our Audit Strategy Memorandum and concluded that the original significant audit risks and other areas of management judgement remain appropriate.

We would like to express our thanks for the assistance of LLTNPA's team during our audit.

If you would like to discuss any matters in more detail then please do not hesitate to contact me on 07816354994.

Yours faithfully

T. Reid

Tom Reid (Audit Director)

Mazars LLP

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Mazars LLP 100 Queen Street Glasgow G1 3DN



Section 01: Executive summary

# 1. Executive summary

#### Audit conclusions and significant findings

The detailed scope of our work as your appointed auditor for 2022/23 is set out in the Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice 2021. Our responsibilities and powers are derived from our appointment by the Auditor General under the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and, as outlined in our Audit Strategy Memorandum, our audit has been conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and means we focus on audit risks that we have assessed as resulting in a higher risk of material misstatement.

In section 4 of this report we have set out our conclusions and significant findings from our audit. This section includes our conclusions on the audit risks and areas of management judgement in our Audit Strategy Memorandum, which include:

- Management override of controls;
- Valuation of property, plant and equipment;
- · Valuation of the net defined benefit liability/surplus
- Fraud over expenditure recognition
- Fraud over recognition of revenue; and
- IFRS 16 valuation.

#### Misstatements and internal control recommendations

Section 5 sets out internal control recommendations and section 6 sets out audit misstatements. Section 7 outlines our work on LLTNPA's arrangements to achieve economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

#### Status and audit opinion

We have substantially completed our audit in respect of the financial statements for the

year ended 31 March 2023. At the time of preparing this report some matters remain outstanding as outlined in section 2.

#### Conclusions from our audit testing and audit opinion

We have concluded our audit in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023. Based on our audit work completed to date we have the following conclusions:



#### Audit opinion

We expect to issue an unqualified opinion, without modification, on the financial statements. Our proposed audit opinion is included in the draft auditor's report in Appendix B.



#### Regularity

We expect to issue an unqualified opinion, without modification, that in all material respects the expenditure and income in the financial statements were incurred or applied in accordance with any applicable enactments and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers. Our proposed audit opinion is included in the draft auditor's report in Appendix B.

#### Matters on which we report by exception



We are required to report to you if, during the course of our audit, we have found that adequate accounting records have not been kept; the financial statements and the audited part of the Remuneration and Staff Report are not in agreement with the accounting records; or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit. We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# 1. Executive summary (continued)

#### Conclusions from our audit testing and audit opinion (continued)

#### **Governance Statement and Performance Report**

We are required to report on whether the information given in the Governance Statement and Performance Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements; has not been properly prepared in accordance with The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers; or is materially misstated. We have no matters to report in respect of the Governance Statement or the Performance Report.

#### **Other information**



We are required to report on whether the other information (comprising of the Performance Report and the Accountability Report and the unaudited parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report), is materially inconsistent with the financial statements; has not been properly prepared in accordance with The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers; or is materially misstated. No inconsistencies have been identified and we have issued an unmodified opinion in this respect.

# 1. Executive summary (continued)

#### Wider Scope conclusions

As auditors appointed by the Auditor General of Scotland, our wider scope responsibilities are set out in the Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice 2021. The Code requirements broaden the scope of the 2022/23 audit and allows us to use a risk-based approach to report on our consideration of LLTNPA's performance and make recommendations for improvement and, where appropriate, conclude on LLTNPA's performance.

The Code's wider scope framework is categorised into four areas:

- financial management;
- financial sustainability;
- · vision, leadership and governance; and
- · use of resources to improve outcomes.

It remains the responsibility of LLTNPA to ensure that it makes proper financial stewardship of public funds, complies with relevant legislation, and establishes effective governance of their activities. LLTNPA is also responsible for ensuring that it establishes arrangements to secure continuous improvement in performance and, in making those arrangements, ensures resources are being used to improve strategic outcomes and demonstrate the economy, efficiency, and effectiveness throughout the use of its resources. These arrangements should be proportionate to the size and type of the NDPB, appropriate to the nature of the NDPB and the services and functions that it has been created to deliver.

#### Wider Scope

°,∕∭∕°, ∭∕Ů∕Ů We anticipate having no risks in arrangements to report in relation to the financial management; financial sustainability; vision, leadership and governance; and use of resources to improve outcomes arrangements that SLAB has in place. Further detail on our Wider Scope work is provided in section 7 of

this report including any significant risks identified.



Section 02: Status of the audit

## 2. Status of the audit

Our work is substantially complete and there are currently no matters of which we are aware that would require modification of our audit opinion, subject to the outstanding matters detailed below.

Audit area	Risk of material adjustment or significant change	Description of the outstanding matters	
Pension scheme	Medium	We requested assurances from the appointed auditor of Strathclyde Pension Fund in respect of information provided by the pension fund to the actuary for their reports on employer bodies. We have not yet received the assurances we requested.	<b>High</b> - Likely to result in material adjustment or significant change to disclosures within the financial statements.
Audit quality control and completion procedures	Low	Our audit work is undergoing final stages of review by the Engagement Lead and further quality and compliance checks. In addition, there are residual procedures to complete, including updating post balance sheet event considerations to the point of issuing the opinion, obtaining final management representations and agreeing adjustments to the final set of accounts.	Medium - Potential to result in material adjustment or significant change to disclosures within the financial statements.
Annual report and accounts and letter of representation	Low	We will complete our final review of the annual report and accounts upon receipt of the signed version of the accounts and letter of representation.	<b>Low</b> - Not considered likely to result in material adjustment or change to disclosures within the financial statements.



Section 03: Audit approach

## 3. Audit approach

#### Changes to our audit approach

We provided details of our intended audit approach in our Audit Strategy Memorandum in June 2023. We have not made any changes to our audit approach since we presented our Audit Strategy Memorandum.

#### Materiality

Our provisional materiality at the planning stage of the audit was set at £291k using a benchmark of 2% of total expenditure. Our final assessment of materiality based on the final financial statements remains the same.

#### Use of experts

There have been no changes to our use of experts outlined in our Audit Strategy Memorandum, with no issues arising we are required to report to you.



Section 04: Significant findings

# 4. Significant findings

In this section we outline the significant findings from our audit. These findings include:

- our audit conclusions regarding other significant risks and key areas of management judgement outlined in the Audit Strategy Memorandum;
- our comments in respect of the accounting policies and disclosures that you have adopted in the financial statements. On page 20 we have concluded whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the financial reporting framework and commented on any significant accounting policy changes that have been made during the year;
- · any further significant matters discussed with management; and
- any significant difficulties we experienced during the audit.

#### Significant risks

Management override of	Description of the risk
controls	Management at various levels within an organisation are in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of their ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur there is a risk of material misstatement due to fraud on all audits.
	How we addressed this risk
	We addressed this risk by:
	<ul> <li>reviewing the key areas within the financial statements where management has used judgement and estimation techniques and consider whether there is evidence of unfair bias;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>examining any accounting policies that vary from the Government Financial Reporting Manual;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>testing the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in preparing the financial statements and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>considering and testing any significant transactions outside the normal course of business or otherwise unusual.</li> </ul>
	Audit conclusion
	Our work has provided the assurance we sought in each of these areas and has not highlighted any material issues to bring to your attention.

Valuation of property, plant	Description of the risk
and equipment	LLTNPA held land and buildings with a net book value of £8.2 million as at 31 March 2022. LLTNPA's policy is to use an external Valuer to revalue its land and buildings every five years, with an interim valuation in year 3. The last full valuation was carried out at 31 March 2021, however LLTNPA has decided to request another full valuation at 31 March 2023. This is due to increased uncertainty over asset valuations and because this is the first year of our audit.
	Valuations are based on specialist and management assumptions and changes in these can result in material changes to valuations. Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated with valuations and because this is our first time auditing LLTNPA's land and buildings, we have determined there is a significant risk in this area.
	How we addressed this risk
	We addressed this risk by:
	<ul> <li>assessing the scope and terms of engagement with the Valuer;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>assessing the competence, skills and objectivity of the Valuer;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>assessing how management use the Valuer's report to value land and buildings included in the financial statements;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>testing the accuracy of the data used in valuations;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>challenging LLTNPA and Valuer's assumptions and judgements applied in the valuations;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>review the valuation methodology used, including the appropriateness of the valuation basis; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>consider the reasonableness of the valuation by comparing the valuation output with market intelligence.</li> </ul>

Our work has provided the assurance we sought in each of these areas and has not highlighted any material issues to bring to your attention.

#### Valuation of the net defined

#### benefit liability/surplus

**Description of the risk** 

LLTNPA had a net pension liability of £2.6 million at 31 March 2022. Estimation of the net pension asset or liability depends on several complex judgements which are sensitive to changes. These include the discount rate used, the rate at which salaries are predicted to increase, inflation rates and life expectancy. Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty associated with the valuations, we have determined there is a significant risk in this area.

#### How we addressed this risk

We addressed this risk by:

- · reviewing the controls that LLTNPA has in place over the information sent to the Scheme Actuary by the fund administrators (Strathclyde Pension Fund);
- assessing the skill, competence and experience of the Fund's actuary;
- challenging the reasonableness of the assumptions used by the actuary as part of the annual IAS 19 valuation; and
- carrying out a range of substantive procedures on relevant information and cash flows used by the actuary as part of the annual IAS 19 • valuation.

#### Audit conclusion

We have not yet received the assurances we requested from the appointed auditor of Strathclyde Pension Fund. See page 11.

LLTNPA has appropriately applied the asset ceiling calculation prepared by the Fund's actuary.

#### Key areas of management judgement

Fraud over expenditure	Description of the risk
recognition	Practice Note 10: Audit of financial statements and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom highlights that, as most public-sector bodies are net spending bodies, the risk of fraud related to expenditure may be greater than the risk relating to revenue recognition.
	Most of LLTNPA's expenditure is salaried staff costs, depreciation and impairment. Staff costs are well controlled and made up of low value individual transactions. Depreciation and impairment are funded by agreed forecast Scottish Government funding and there is therefore less incentive to manipulate. However, LLTNPA has material programme and project expenditure and other operating costs. The nature of this expenditure means there is an increased risk of fraud in its recognition which could result in a material misstatement in the financial statements. This risk is particularly prevalent around the year end.
	How we addressed this risk
	We addressed this risk by undertaking substantive procedures to ensure programme and project expenditure and other operating costs are recorded appropriately in the financial statements.

#### Audit conclusion

We did not identify any errors from our substantive procedures.

Fraud over recognition of	Description of the risk
revenue	As set out in International Standard on Auditing (UK) 240: The auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statement, there is a presumed risk of fraud over the recognition of revenue. There is a risk that revenue may be misstated resulting in a material misstatement in the financial statements.
	LLTNPA has material programme and project income. The nature of this income means there is an increased risk of fraud in its recognition which could result in a material misstatement in the financial statements. There is a risk that LLTNPA could over or understate this income to manipulate its year end position
	How we addressed this risk
	We addressed this risk by undertaking substantive procedures to ensure programme and project income is recorded appropriately in the financial statements.
	Audit conclusion
	We did not identify any errors from our substantive procedures.

IFRS 16 Valuation	Description of the risk				
	The 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) requires bodies to account for leases in accordance with IFRS 16 Leases. Under IFRS 16, where a body is a lessee there is no distinction between finance leases and operating leases. Lessees are required to recognise a right-of-use asset and any lease liability in their financial statements.				
	There is a risk that LLTNPA does not properly measure right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. There is also a risk that it does not correctly identify all its leases.				
	How we addressed this risk				
	We addressed this risk by:				
	<ul> <li>evaluating whether right-of-use assets as at 31 March 2023 are properly valued;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>evaluating whether the lease liability at 31 March 2023 is properly measured;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>reviewing whether LLTNPA has properly presented and disclosed leases in the financial statements;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>reviewing LLTNPA's process for identifying its leases.</li> </ul>				
	Audit conclusion				
	We identified that LLTNPA had not appropriately reflected the right of use asset for its leases with peppercorn rents. See page 22.				

#### Qualitative aspects of LLTNPA's accounting practices

We have reviewed LLTNPA's accounting policies and disclosures and concluded they comply with the Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) 2022/23, appropriately tailored to LLTNPA's circumstances.

The unaudited annual report and accounts were received from LLTNPA on 3 July 2023 and were of a good quality.

#### Significant matters discussed with management

During our audit we communicated the following significant matters to management:

- **First year audit procedures**. Auditing standards require us to carry out additional specific procedures in the first year of an audit. These include: seeking professional clearance confirmations from the predecessor auditor, reviewing the predecessor auditor's working papers and reports and specific additional procedures over brought forward balances. As part of this work, we discussed controls in place for key information systems with management.
- **IFRS 16 Leases**. We discussed the accounting treatment of operating leases under IFRS 16 with officers. We identified that LLTNPA had several leases with peppercorn rents that it had not valued in accordance with IFRS 16. The FReM requires audited bodies to measure the current value in existing use of the right of use asset associated with peppercorn leases. This should be done by identifying the current market rental value that could be achieved for the existing use of the right of use asset and capitalising it for the full remaining lease term from the valuation date. Following our discussions, officers obtained right of use asset valuations for all relevant operating leases and included these in the financial statements. This resulted in an adjustment to the Statement of Financial Position of £110k.
- Valuation of net defined benefit surplus. We discussed the accounting treatment of the IAS 19 pension surplus with officers. LLTNPA recognised a net defined benefit asset in its unaudited annual accounts. Where bodies can access the economic benefit arising from the asset in terms of reduced contributions or a refund, they should recognise the

net defined benefit as an asset. The net defined benefit asset recognised should be the surplus, adjusted for the effect of any asset ceiling. Following our discussions, officers obtained an asset ceiling calculation from the pension fund actuary and reduced the pension surplus to the asset ceiling of £436k.

#### Significant difficulties during the audit

During the course of the audit we did not encounter any significant difficulties and we have had the full co-operation of management.

#### Wider responsibilities – statutory reporting

We are required to notify the Auditor General when circumstances indicate that a statutory report may be required.

- Section 22 of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 allows us to prepare a report to bring to the attention of the Scottish Parliament and the public, matters of public interest arising during the audit of LLTNPA.
- Section 23 of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 allows us to initiate an examination into the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which LLTNPA and its officeholders have used their resources in discharging their functions.

We confirm that no such reports have been prepared or any examinations have been initiated.

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Section 05: Internal control recommendations

## 5. Internal control recommendations

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal controls sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control, we are required to communicate to the Audit and Risk Committee any significant deficiencies identified during the course of our work.

The purpose of our audit was to express an opinion on the financial statements. As part of our audit we have considered the internal controls in place relevant to the preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures to allow us to express an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or to identify any significant deficiencies in their design or operation.

The matters reported are limited to those deficiencies and other control recommendations that we have identified during our normal audit procedures and that we consider to be of sufficient importance to merit being reported. If we had performed more extensive procedures on internal control we might have identified more deficiencies to be reported or concluded that some of the reported deficiencies need not in fact have been reported. Our comments should not be regarded as a comprehensive record of all deficiencies that may exist or improvements that could be made.

No significant findings or recommendations in relation to internal controls have been noted as at the date of this report.



Section 06: Summary of misstatements

# 6. Summary of misstatements

This section outlines the misstatements identified during the course of the audit, above the trivial threshold for adjustment of £9k. The table outlines the misstatements that have been adjusted by management during the course of the audit. There were no unadjusted misstatements.

#### **Adjusted misstatements**

	-	Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Debit (£'000)	Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure Credit (£'000)	Statement of Financial Position Debit (£'000)	Statement of Financial Position Credit (£'000)	Description of adjusted misstatement
1	Debit: Right-to-use Land & Buildings			110		Valuation of peppercorn leases at current value in existing use as required under IFRS 16 Leases.
	Credit: Donated Reserve				110	
-	Total adjusted misstatements			110	110	-

# 6. Summary of misstatements (continued)

#### **Disclosure amendments**

We identified the following adjustments during our audit that have been corrected by management:

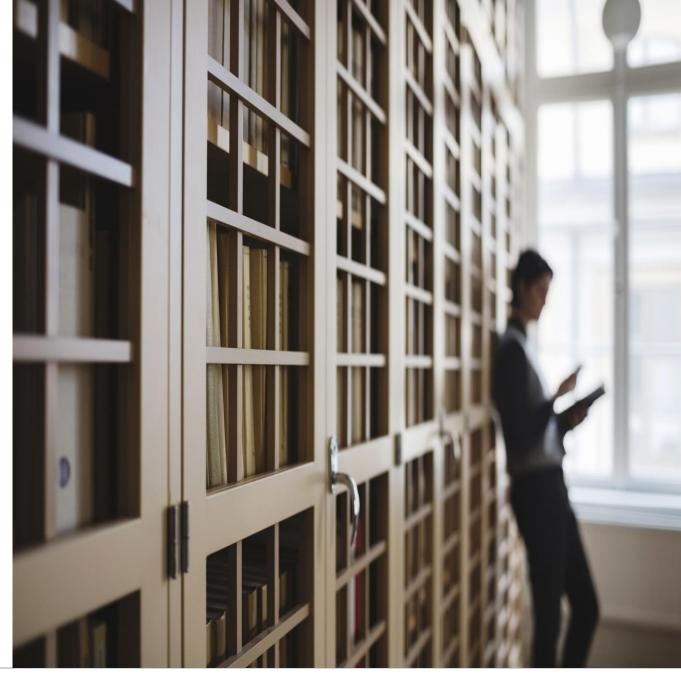
- Performance report: Inclusion of additional information to cover disclosures required by the FReM:-
  - Detail on future plans, and expected future performance, including anticipated changes in the structure or strategic objectives.
- Governance statement: Amendments to ensure compliance with the Scottish Public Finance Manual:-
  - Including a statement that the systems have been in place for the year under review and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.
  - Disclosure of the process applied in reviewing the effectiveness of risk management.
- · Remuneration and staff report:- Amendments made in response to the following points:-
  - Making clear which areas of the remuneration and staff report are not subject to audit.
  - Including actual accrued pension benefits, not bandings.
  - Including the information required by the FReM for the fair pay disclosures.
  - Disclosure of Board Members' fees in bands of £5,000.

There were also adjustments to the annual report and accounts for other minor disclosure, consistency or presentational matters.



Section 07: Wider scope

## **Overall summary**



#### Wider scope summary

As auditors appointed by the Auditor General for Scotland, our wider scope responsibilities are set out in the Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice 2021. The Code requirements broaden the scope of the 2022/23 audit and allows us to use a risk-based approach to report on our consideration of LLTNPA's performance and make recommendations for improvement and, where appropriate, conclude on the LLTNPA's performance.

The Code's wider scope framework is categorised into four areas:

- financial management;
- financial sustainability;
- vision, leadership and governance; and
- use of resources to improve outcomes.

The Code of Audit Practice permits an alternative audit approach where an audited body is considered less complex due its size and limited financial activity. In the Audit Strategy Memorandum, we documented our judgement that LLTNPA is a less complex body. We have reviewed this assessment and confirmed that it remains appropriate. We therefore restricted our wider scope work to:

- a review of the Governance Statement
- concluding on the financial sustainability of LLTNPA and the services that it delivers in the medium to longer term.

#### Overall summary by reporting criteria

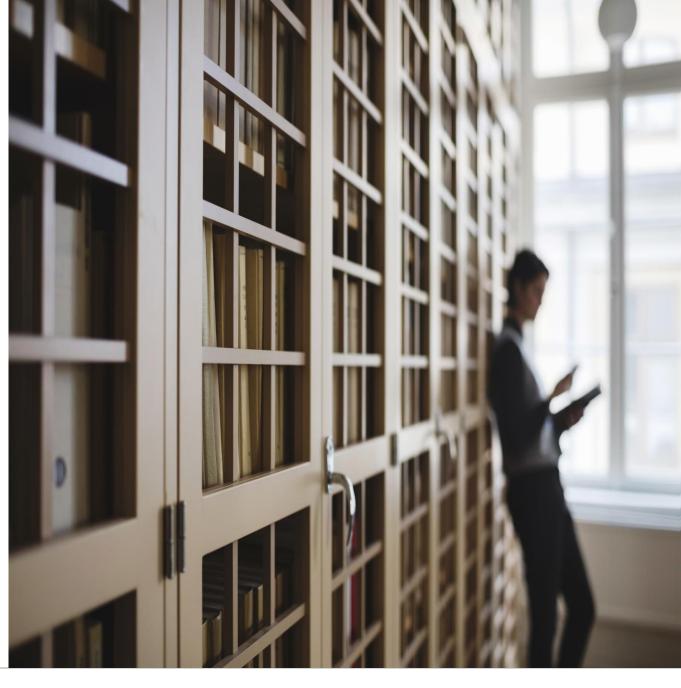
From the satisfactory conclusion of our audit work, we have the following conclusions:

 Reporting criteria	Commentary page reference	Identified risks?	Actual risks identified?	Other recommendations made?
Financial sustainability	31	No	No	No
Governance Statement	34	No	No	No



## Financial sustainability

Financial sustainability looks forward to the medium and longer term to consider whether the body is planning effectively to continue to deliver its services or the way in which they should be delivered.



# 7. Financial sustainability

#### **Our overall assessment**

Area assessed	Our findings	Our judgements	Risks identified
Financial planning	LLTNPA reported net expenditure for 2022/23 (before revaluation of property and pension fund actuarial movements) of £12.9 million (2021/22: £13.3 million). This reflects a small cash underspend of £70k against the Scottish Government resource limit for the year. It reported a more significant underspend of £367k against the capital resource limit due to Peatland restoration and Nature Restoration Fund activity being less than planned. IFRS 16 costs were also less than originally budgeted. Non-cash Annually Managed Expenditure (AME) was £915k under budget as a result of pension adjustments and asset revaluations. LLTNPA achieved £167k of efficiency savings in 2022/23, which represents 1.9% of the core resource Departmental Expenditure Limit budget. This was achieved through ongoing review of vacant positions in its organisational structure. LLTNPA responds to spending review commissions from the Scottish Government on an ongoing basis. In June 2023 it made a submission on resource spending to inform the Scottish Government's Medium Term Financial Strategy. This included a projection of the resource funding it will need up to and including 2028/29.	LLTNPA operated within its budget in 2022/23. LLTNPA responds to spending review commissions from the Scottish Government on an ongoing basis. It recently submitted a five- year forecast of its resource funding requirements.	No significant risks identified.

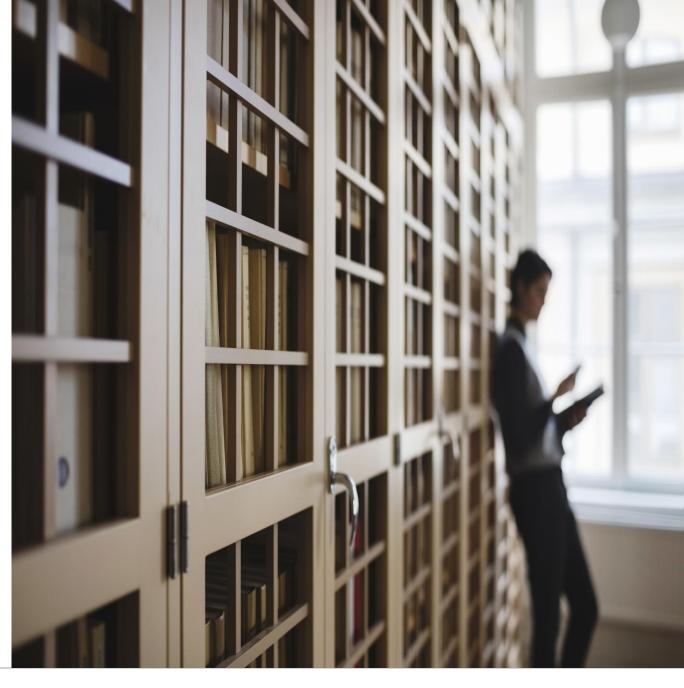
# 7. Financial sustainability (continued)

#### Follow up of previously-reported recommendations

In November 2022 Grant Thornton reported one recommendations to LLTNPA to address risks identified from our Wider Scope audit for financial sustainability. As part of our work in 2022/23, we followed up the progress made by LLTNPA against the recommendations made and determined whether the risk remained during the year.

	Financial sustainability finding as reported by previous auditor	Management response and implementation timeframe	Work undertaken and judgements made in 2022/23	Conclusions reached
1	Estates planning and impact on accounting treatment The valuation of land and buildings is a complex area, requiring significant estimation and judgement. The accounting recognition of the asset is often dependent on the current and planned use of a building. We found that LLTNPA does not currently have a clear asset plan or strategy in place and therefore decisions on the use of land and buildings often takes place on an individual level. This is evident in the valuation of the Gateway Centre. We recommend that in supporting the National Park Partnership Plan and LLTNPA's long term vision and priorities, Management look to establish a clear Estates Strategy to outline how LLTNPA will maximise the effective use of its estate to deliver its priorities.	Management Response: The Annual Operating Plan for 2022/23 includes an outcome to establish a clear strategic approach to managing our assets. The Estates Asset Management Strategy will be produced in 2022/23 for assets within our responsibility. Implementation timescale: 31 March 2023	Progress against the recommendation The Board approved the Estates Strategy in June 2023.	Complete

## **Governance Statement**



# 7. Governance Statement

#### **Our overall assessment**

Area assessed	Our findings	Our judgements	Risks identified
Governance Statement	<ul> <li>We confirmed that the Governance Statement:</li> <li>is consistent with the financial statements;</li> <li>includes the information required by the FReM and the Scottish Public Finance Manual (SPFM);</li> <li>is consistent with our knowledge obtained through the audit;</li> <li>does not contain any misleading information.</li> <li>LLTNPA amended the Governance Statement to ensure compliance with the SPFM. See page 26.</li> </ul>	We are required to report on whether the information given in the Governance Statement is materially inconsistent with the financial statements; has not been properly prepared in accordance with The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers; or is materially misstated. We have no matters to report in respect of the Governance Statement.	No significant risks identified.

## Appendices

A: Draft management representation letter

B: Draft audit report

C: Independence

D: Other communications

E: Wider scope and Best Value ratings

## Appendix A: Draft management representation letter

Tom Reid Mazars LLP 100 Queen Street Glasgow G1 3DN

#### XX September 2023

Dear Tom

Loch Lomond & The Trossachs National Park Authority - Audit for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Loch Lomond & The Trossachs National Park Authority for the year ended 31 March 2023 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM).

I confirm that the following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience (and, where appropriate, inspection of supporting documentation) sufficient to satisfy myself that I can properly make each of the following representations to you.

My responsibility for the financial statements and accounting information

I believe that I have fulfilled my responsibilities for the true and fair presentation and preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM).

#### My responsibility to provide and disclose relevant information

I have provided you with:

- access to all information of which I am aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other material;
- additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- unrestricted access to individuals within the Authority you determined it was necessary to contact in order to obtain audit evidence.
- I confirm as Accountable Officer that I have taken all the necessary steps to make me aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you, as auditors, are aware of this information.

As far as I am aware there is no relevant audit information of which you, as auditors, are unaware.

#### Accounting records

#### Contingencies

I confirm that all transactions undertaken by the Authority have been properly recorded in the There are no material contingent losses including pending or potential litigation that should be accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements. All other records and related accrued where:

information, including minutes of all management and Board meetings, have been made available to you.

#### **Accounting policies**

I confirm that I have reviewed the accounting policies applied during the year in accordance with International Accounting Standard 8 and consider these policies to faithfully represent the effects of transactions, other events or conditions on the Authority's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

I confirm that I have reviewed the accounting policies applied during the year in accordance with the requirements of the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM) and consider them appropriate for the year.

#### Accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value

I confirm that the methods, significant assumptions and the data used by the Authority in making the accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement or disclosure that is in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

- information presently available indicates that it is probable that an asset has been impaired, or a liability had been incurred at the balance sheet date; and
- the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

There are no material contingent losses that should be disclosed where, although either or both the conditions specified above are not met, there is a reasonable possibility that a loss, or a loss greater than that accrued, may have been incurred at the balance sheet date.

There are no contingent gains which should be disclosed.

All material matters, including unasserted claims, that may result in litigation against the Authority have been brought to your attention. All known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements have been disclosed to you and accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM).

#### Laws and regulations

I confirm that I have disclosed to you all those events of which I are aware which involve known or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, together with the actual or contingent consequences which may arise therefrom.

I have complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the accounts in the event of non-compliance.

#### Fraud and error

I acknowledge my responsibility as Accountable Officer for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and error and I believe I have appropriately fulfilled those responsibilities.

I have disclosed to you:

- all the results of my assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud;
- all knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Authority involving:
  - management and those charged with governance;
  - employees who have significant roles in internal control; and

• others where fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.

I have disclosed to you all information in relation to any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the Authority's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

#### **Related party transactions**

I confirm that all related party relationships, transactions and balances, have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM).

I have disclosed to you the identity of the Authority's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which I are aware.

#### Impairment review

To the best of my knowledge, there is nothing to indicate that there is a permanent reduction in the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets below their carrying value at the statement of financial position date. An impairment review is therefore not considered necessary.

#### Charges on assets

All the Authority's assets are free from any charges exercisable by third parties except as disclosed within the financial statements.

#### **Future commitments**

I am not aware of any plans, intentions or commitments that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities or give rise to additional liabilities.

#### Valuation of land, buildings and dwellings

I confirm that I am satisfied that the key assumptions feeding into the assessment of the modern equivalent assets to be rebuilt are appropriate based on my review.

#### **Right of Use assets and lease liabilities**

I confirm that I have satisfied myself that the key judgments and assumptions made in valuing Right of Use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are reasonable and in accordance with **Going concern** IFRS 16. I am satisfied that assumptions around lease terms of implicit leases are reasonable.

#### Ultimate parent company

I confirm that the ultimate parent company for Loch Lomond & The Trossachs National Park Authority is the Scottish Government Environment and Forestry Directorate.

#### **Other Matters**

I confirm in relation to the following matters that:

- COVID-19 I have assessed the continued impact of the COVID-19 Virus pandemic on the Authority and the financial statements, including the impact of mitigation measures and uncertainties, and am satisfied that the financial statements and supporting notes fairly reflect that assessment.
- Ukraine I confirm that I have carried out an assessment of the potential impact of the continued conflict in Ukraine on the Authority and there is no significant impact on the Authority's operations from restrictions or sanctions in place.
- I confirm that I have assessed the impact on the Authority of the on-going Global Banking challenges, in particular whether there is any impact on the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, and on the post balance sheet events disclosures.

To the best of my knowledge there is nothing to indicate that the Authority will not continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. The period to which I have paid particular attention in assessing the appropriateness of the going concern basis is not less than twelve months from the date of approval of the accounts.

#### **Performance related allocations**

I confirm that I am not aware of any reason why the Authority's funding allocation limits would be changed.

#### Subsequent events

I confirm all events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM), require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.

Should further material events occur after the date of this letter which may necessitate revision of the figures included in the financial statements or inclusion of a note thereto, I will advise you accordingly.

#### **Governance Statement**

I am satisfied that the Governance Statement fairly reflects the Authority's risk assurance and governance framework and I confirm that I am not aware of any significant risks that are not disclosed within the Governance Statement.

Gordon Watson

Annual Report

Chief Executive and Accountable Officer

The disclosures within the Annual Report and the Remuneration and Staff Report fairly reflect

my understanding of the Authority's financial and operating performance over the period covered by the financial statements.

#### **Other Representations**

I confirm that all provisions required under IAS 37 have been included in the financial statements.

#### Unadjusted misstatements

I confirm that there are no uncorrected misstatements.

Yours faithfully

## Appendix B: Draft audit report

Independent auditor's report to the members of Loch Lomond & The Trossachs National Park Authority, the Auditor General for Scotland and the Scottish Parliament

Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion on the financial statements**

We have audited the financial statements in the annual report and accounts of Loch Lomond & The Trossachs National Park Authority for the year ended 31 March 2023 under the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000. The financial statements comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Taxpayer's Equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 Government Financial Reporting Manual (the 2022/23 FReM).

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements:

- net expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2022/23 FReM; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We were appointed by the Auditor General on 18 May 2022. Our period of appointment is five years, covering 2022/23 to 2026/27. We are independent of the body in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Non-audit services prohibited by the Ethical Standard were not provided to the body. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern basis of accounting

We have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on • give a true and fair view of the state of the body's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of its the body's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

> These conclusions are not intended to, nor do they, provide assurance on the body's current or future financial sustainability. However, we report on the body's arrangements for financial sustainability in a separate Annual Audit Report available from the Audit Scotland Website.

#### **Risks of material misstatement**

We report in our separate Annual Audit Report the most significant assessed risks of material <sup>C</sup> misstatement that we identified and our judgements thereon.

#### **Responsibilities of the Accountable Officer for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Accountable Officer's Responsibilities, the Accountable Officer is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework, and for such internal control as the Accountable Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Accountable Officer is responsible for assessing the body's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless there is an intention to discontinue the body's operations.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Procedures include:

- using our understanding of the central government sector to identify that the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers are significant in the context of the body;
- inquiring of the Accountable Officer as to other laws or regulations that may be expected to have a fundamental effect on the operations of the body;
- inquiring of the Accountable Officer concerning the body's policies and procedures regarding compliance with the applicable legal and regulatory framework;
- discussions among our audit team on the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur; and
- considering whether the audit team collectively has the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is affected by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the body's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.

Irregularities that result from fraud are inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error as fraud may involve collusion, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. The capability of the audit to detect fraud and other irregularities depends on factors such as the skilfulness of the perpetrator, the frequency and extent of manipulation, the degree of collusion involved, the relative size of individual amounts manipulated, and the seniority of those individuals involved.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Reporting on regularity of expenditure and income

### **Opinion on regularity**

In our opinion in all material respects the expenditure and income in the financial statements accounts. The other information comprises the Performance Report and the Accountability were incurred or applied in accordance with any applicable enactments and guidance issued Report excluding the audited parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report. by the Scottish Ministers.

**Responsibilities for regularity** 

The Accountable Officer is responsible for ensuring the regularity of expenditure and income. In addition to our responsibilities in respect of irregularities explained in the audit of the financial statements section of our report, we are responsible for expressing an opinion on the regularity of expenditure and income in accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000.

**Reporting on other requirements** 

Opinion prescribed by the Auditor General for Scotland on audited parts of the **Remuneration and Staff Report** 

We have audited the parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report described as audited. In our opinion, the audited parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report have been properly prepared in accordance with the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers.

#### Other information

The Accountable Officer is responsible for the other information in the annual report and

Our responsibility is to read all the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers. determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon except on the Performance Report and Governance Statement to the extent explicitly stated in the following opinions prescribed by the Auditor General for Scotland.

#### Opinions prescribed by the Auditor General for Scotland on Performance Report and Governance Statement

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

• the information given in the Performance Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers; and

• the information given in the Governance Statement for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and that report has been prepared in accordance with the National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 and directions

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We are required by the Auditor General for Scotland to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements and the audited parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Conclusions on wider scope responsibilities

In addition to our responsibilities for the annual report and accounts, our conclusions on the wider scope responsibilities specified in the Code of Audit Practice are set out in our Annual Audit Report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the parties to whom it is addressed in accordance with the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and for no other purpose. In accordance with paragraph 108 of the Code of Audit Practice, we do not undertake to have responsibilities to members or officers, in their individual capacities, or to third parties.

Tom Reid (Audit Director) For and on behalf of Mazars LLP

Mazars LLP – 100 Queen Street – Glasgow – G1 3DN

## Appendix C: Independence

As part of our ongoing risk assessment we monitor our relationships with you to identify any new actual or perceived threats to our independence within the regulatory or professional requirements governing us as your auditors.

We can confirm that no new threats to independence have been identified since issuing the Audit Strategy Memorandum and therefore we remain independent.

## Appendix C: Independence (continued)

#### Fees for work as LLTNPA's auditor

We reported our proposed fees for the delivery of our work under the Code of Audit Practice in our Annual Audit Plan presented to the Audit and Risk Committee on 6 June 2023. We were appointed as auditors for LLTNPA in the 2022/23 financial year therefore no comparatives have been provided in the below table. Having completed our work for the 2022/23 financial year, we can confirm that our fees are as follows:

Area of work	2022/23 fees
Auditor remuneration	£29,110
Pooled costs	(£460)
Contribution to PABV costs	0
Audit support costs	£830
Sectoral cap adjustment	(£14,050)
Additional fees in respect of auditing IFRS 16 Leases right-of-use asset and lease liability valuations	£2,080
Total fees	£17,510

### Fees for other work

We confirm that we have not undertaken any non-audit services for LLTNPA in the year.

## Appendix D: Other communications

	Other communication	Response
I.	Compliance with Laws and Regulations	We have not identified any significant matters involving actual or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations.
		We will obtain written representations from management that all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements have been disclosed.
	External confirmations	We did not experience any issues with respect to obtaining external confirmations.
	Related parties	We did not identify any significant matters relating to the audit of related parties.
n°╱ <sup>Ĥ</sup> ╲∩ N°∖∩°∕Ĥ		We will obtain written representations from management confirming that:
		a. they have disclosed to us the identity of related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which they are aware; and
		b. they have appropriately accounted for and disclosed such relationships and transactions in accordance with the requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework
	Going concern	We have not identified any evidence to cause us to disagree with the Accountable Officer that LLTNPA will be a going concern, and therefore we consider that the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements.
		We will obtain written representations from management, confirming that all relevant information covering a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements has been taken into account in assessing the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

## Appendix D: Other communications (continued)

	Other communication	Response
Ø	Subsequent events	We are required to obtain evidence about whether events occurring between the date of the financial statements and the date of the auditor's report that require adjustment of, or disclosure in, the financial statements are appropriately reflected in those financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
		We will obtain written representations from management that all events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the applicable financial reporting framework requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
-\	Matters related <sup>−</sup> to fraud	We have designed our audit approach to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement due to fraud. In addition, we have assessed the adequacy of LLTNPA's arrangements for preventing and detecting fraud or other irregularities as part of the wider scope audit and concluded that they are sufficiently designed and implemented.
		We will obtain written representations from management, and Those Charged With Governance, confirming that:
		a. they acknowledge their responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud;
		<ul> <li>they have disclosed to the auditor the results of management's assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud;</li> </ul>
		c. they have disclosed to the auditor their knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving:
		i. Management;
		ii. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
		iii. Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements; and
		d. they have disclosed to the auditor their knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

## Appendix E: Wider scope and Best Value ratings

We need to gather sufficient evidence to support our commentary on LLTNPA's arrangements and to identify and report on any risks. We will carry out more detailed work where we identify significant risks. Where significant risks are identified we will report these to LLTNPA and make recommendations for improvement. In addition to local risks, we consider challenges that are impacting the public sector as a whole.

We have assigned priority rankings to each of the risks identified to reflect the importance that we consider each poses to your organisation and, hence, our recommendation in terms of the urgency of required action. The table below describes the meaning behind each rating that we have awarded to each wider scope area based on the work we have performed.

Rating	Description
Level 1	The identified risk and/or significant deficiency is critical to the business processes or the achievement of business strategic objectives. There is potential for financial loss, damage to reputation or loss of information. The recommendation should be taken into consideration by management immediately.
Level 2	The identified risk and/or significant deficiency may impact on individual objectives or business processes. The audited body should implement the recommendation to strengthen internal controls or enhance business efficiency. The recommendations should be actioned in the near future.
Level 3	The identified risk and/or significant deficiency is an area for improvement or less significant. In our view, the audited body should action the recommendation, but management do not need to prioritise.

### Tom Reid (Audit Director)

### Mazars

100 Queen Street Glasgow G1 3DN

Mazars is an internationally integrated partnership, specialising in audit, accountancy, advisory, tax and legal services<sup>\*</sup>. Operating in over 90 countries and territories around the world, we draw on the expertise of 40,400 professionals – 24,400 in Mazars' integrated partnership and 16,000 via the Mazars North America Alliance – to assist clients of all sizes at every stage in their development.

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